

A view on post-project sustainability of European networks

17th of November 2020

Maurits Butter







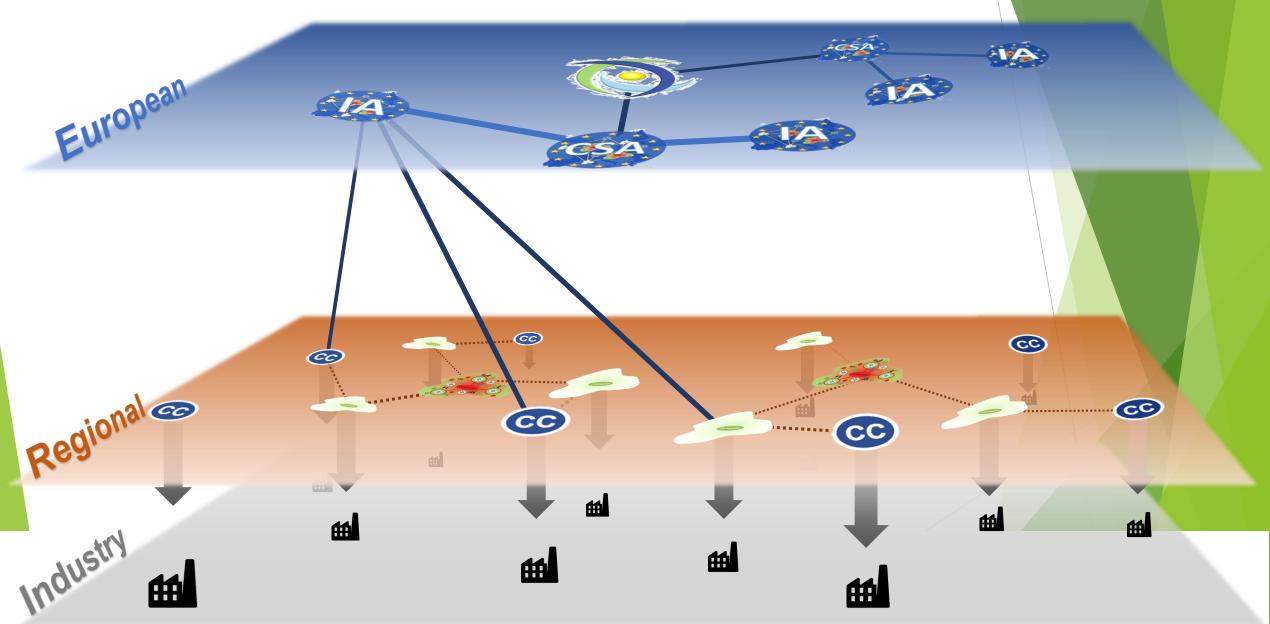




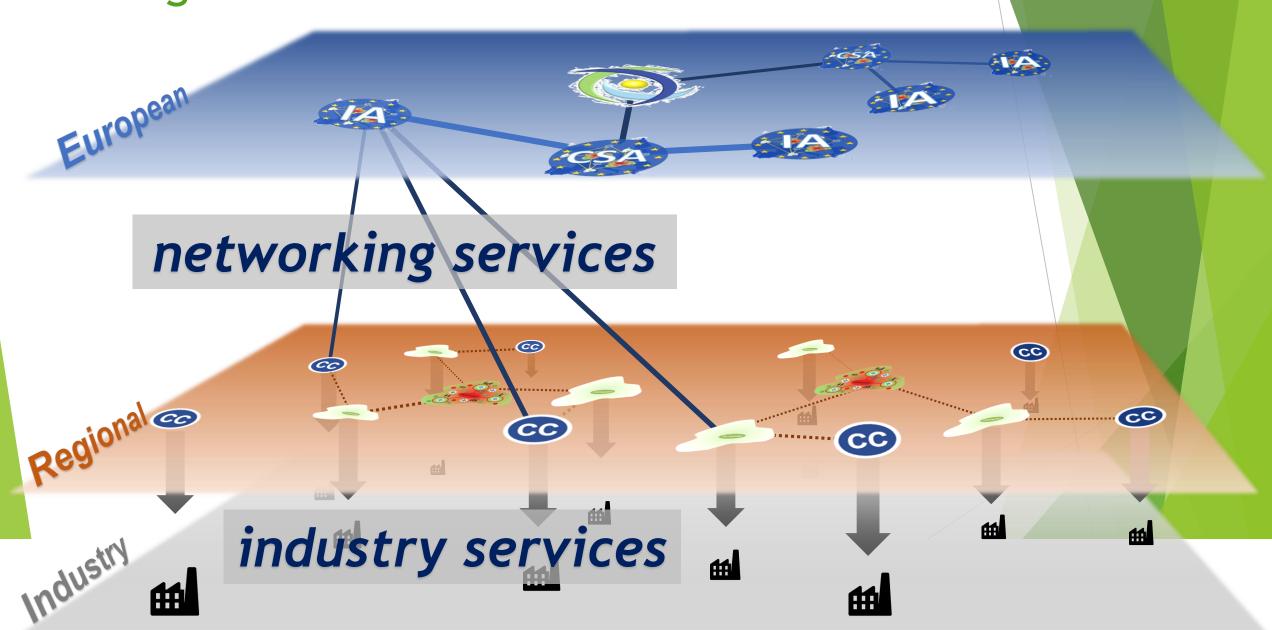




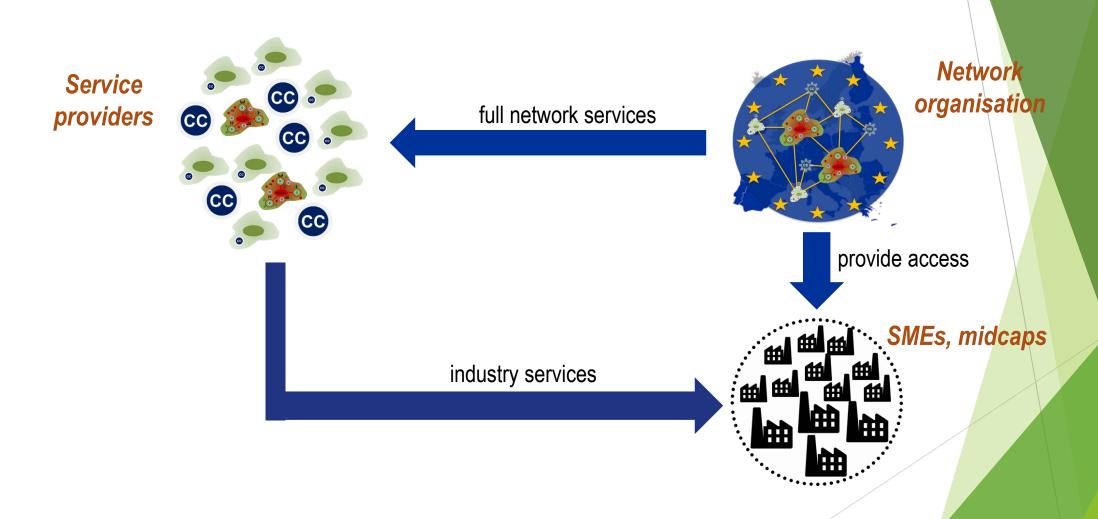
Setting the scene



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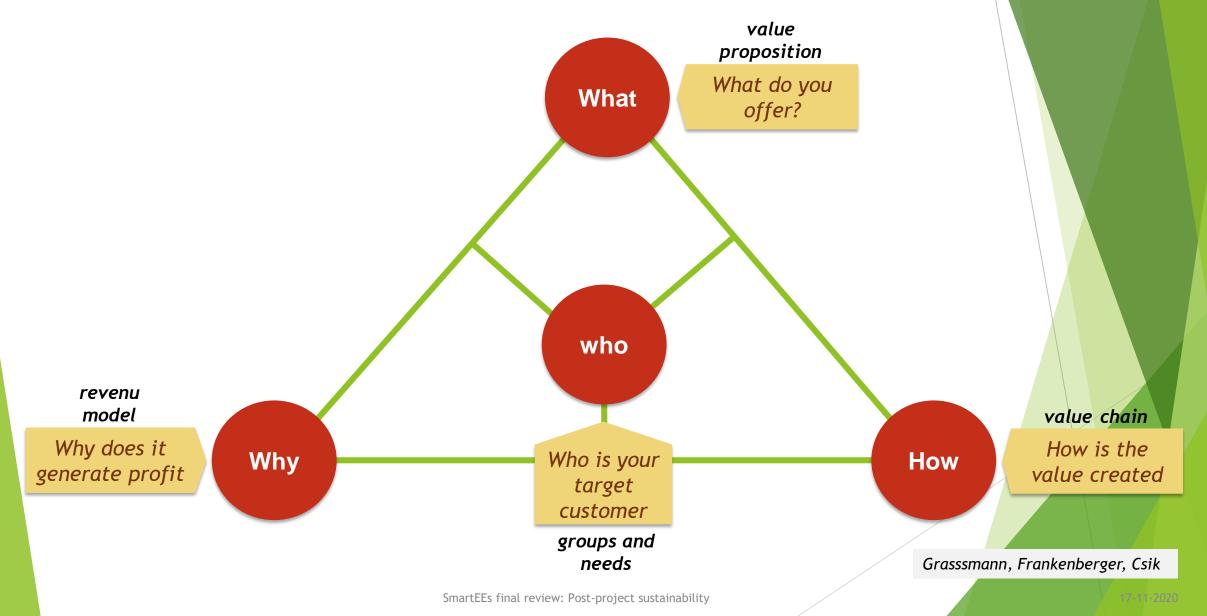
An EU-network core strategy



Network mission versus, service providers

		Industrial services	EU network services
Prime mission		Support the digital transformation in the <i>region</i> and increase their competitiveness	Maintain EU competitiveness by enhancing the EU-collaboration on digital transformation
Services	Ecosystem	Improve the community collaboration in <i>the</i> region	Improve the European community and <i>interregional</i> networks
	Technology	Providing technological support to the <i>regional</i> industry on digital transformation	Aligning the <i>pan-EU collaboration</i> on research and innovation between service providers
	Business	Supporting <i>regional industry</i> to transform technology into business	Support research and industry to engage in <i>cross-country</i> initiatives
	Skills and	Train <i>industry and research</i> on specific	Enhance the <i>EU-wide capacity and capabilities</i> for
	training	digital technologies	service providers to engage in digital transformation

Aproach to PPSEU: Business model



Who: Four stakeholder groups and their needs

Members Non-members Third parties Public authorities

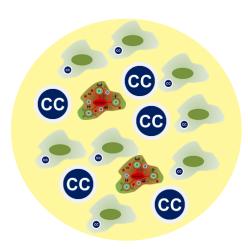
SMEs, midcaps

Commission

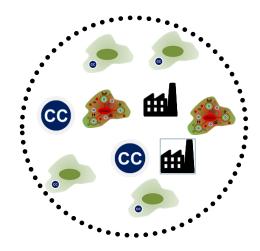
European Committee of the Regions

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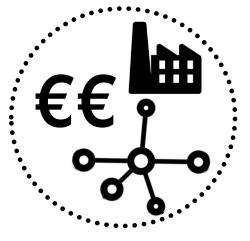
Members



Non-members



Third parties



Public authorities



SMEs, midcaps



- Access to the industry markets
- Support for EUcollaborations
- Funding for EUcollaborations
- Pan-EU learning

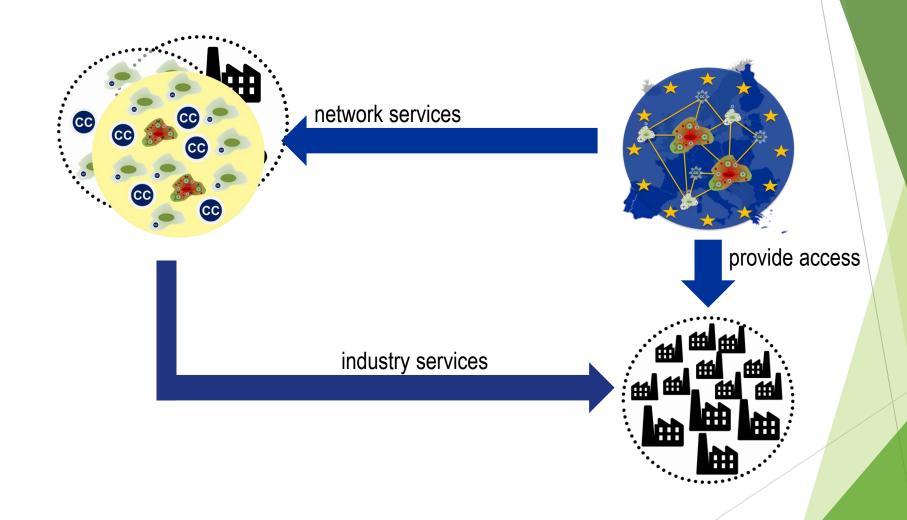
- Acces to EU capabilities
- Access to the markets
- Support creating EUcollaborations

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- Access to the markets
- Support creating EUcollaborations
- Information about FWE initiatives

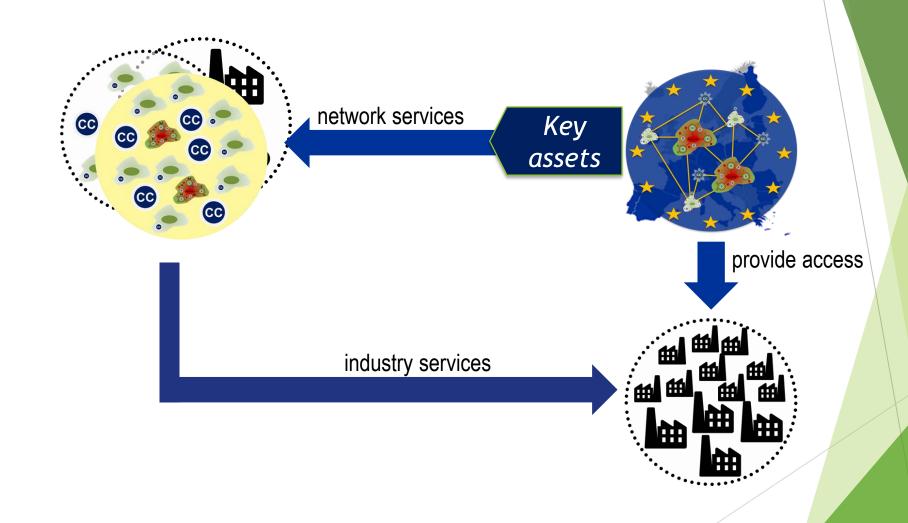
- Addressing market failures
- Support of Smart Specialisation
- Initiation EUcollaborations

- Access to state-of-theart innovations, infra and expertise
- Access to industry markets
- Support for EU-collaborations

What: Assets are the source of the USPs



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Five key asssets of EU networks

access to

access to infrastructures, expertise and the community at large

expertise

expertise in initiating EU-collaborations

information

information about the technology and the community

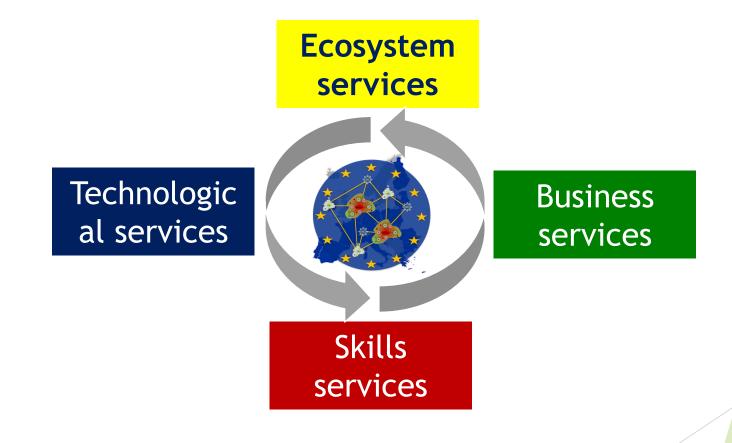
financial capital

access to financial capital for EUcollaborations supporting uptake

the brand

trustworthy EU brand that attracts the stakeholders and ensures high quality collaboration

From USPs to value: Four types of services



Value proposition (1)

osystem

EU-community building

EU-strategy development

Strategic EC advice

Collaborative EU awareness creation

EU wide promotion and representation

Aim: Creating a structured and collaborative community that is activated to take up and available for interregional collaborations

Activities: Providing information, workshops, website, conference representation, EU-policy papers

Business

Development of EU-proposals
Initiating interregional collaborations
Individual RDI business support
Creation of interregional corridors
Access to finance for EU-collaboration
Digital Maturity assessment
Organisation of pan-EU calls

Aim: Initiating and supporting concrete, ad-hoc and structural EU-collaborations taking up the technology

Activities: bi/multi-lateral contacts, concrete tools, advise, consortium activities, market place

Value proposition (2)

Fechnology

Standardization
Mapping
Organizing pan-EU collaborative research
Aligning regional RDI investments
Pan-EU scouting for research collaboration
Technology trendwatching
Technology assessment

Aim: Aligning and synchronization of RD&I activities

Activities: Workshops, bi/multi-lateral discussions, desk research, advise, newsletters

Skills

Supporting EU access to available expertise
Joined EU training of industry and research
Pan-EU learning between service providers
Pan-EU policy training
Training for EU-proposal development
Skills information repository
Standardization of certification

Aim: Increasing the capabilities of industry, research and governance to engage in pan-EU collaborations

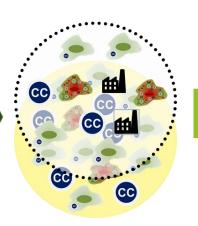
Activities: bi/multi-lateral contacts, HR-scouting, advise, webinars, information documents, website/market place

How: Deployment mechanisms















How: The organization

The Core team

Members as partners



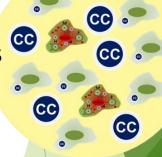
fully paid staffing



expertise, network, infrastructure

secondments from members

alignment objectives and strategic direction network



Consultancy and staffing

- FTEs paid from association
- Day-to-day management

Why: Two types of funding

Public funding:

- information asymmetry: stakeholders do not have a level playing field on information
- externalities: secondary organisations benefit from primary investors
- public goods: developing expertise/infra for the good of society at large
- time-inconsistent preferences: important societal investments pay of in the long run

Funding for the community (market failures)

Why: Two types of funding

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Funding for the community (market failures)

Private funding:

- Efficient identification of new market opportunities
- Access to expertise and infrastructures
- Economy of scale to import/export
- Creation of pan-EU value chains
- Easy access to information for decision making
- Access to funding take-up

Funding of direct services (value for individuals)

Why: Twelve revenue models for the network



Public co-funding

Getting funded for reducing market failures



Partner co-funding

In-kind contributions from core partners



Subscription/membership

A periodic fee to access standard services



Integrator/orchestrator

Being payed to put things together



Add-on, razor and blade

Additional services connected to membership



Tit for tat

No money is changing hands

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Commission fees

Act as a sales office for the community



(Indirect) Branding

Using the SmartEEs brand as an income



Digitalization and mass customization

Virtualize products, reducing costs of delivery



Crowdsourcing

Using the community expertise for free



Performance based

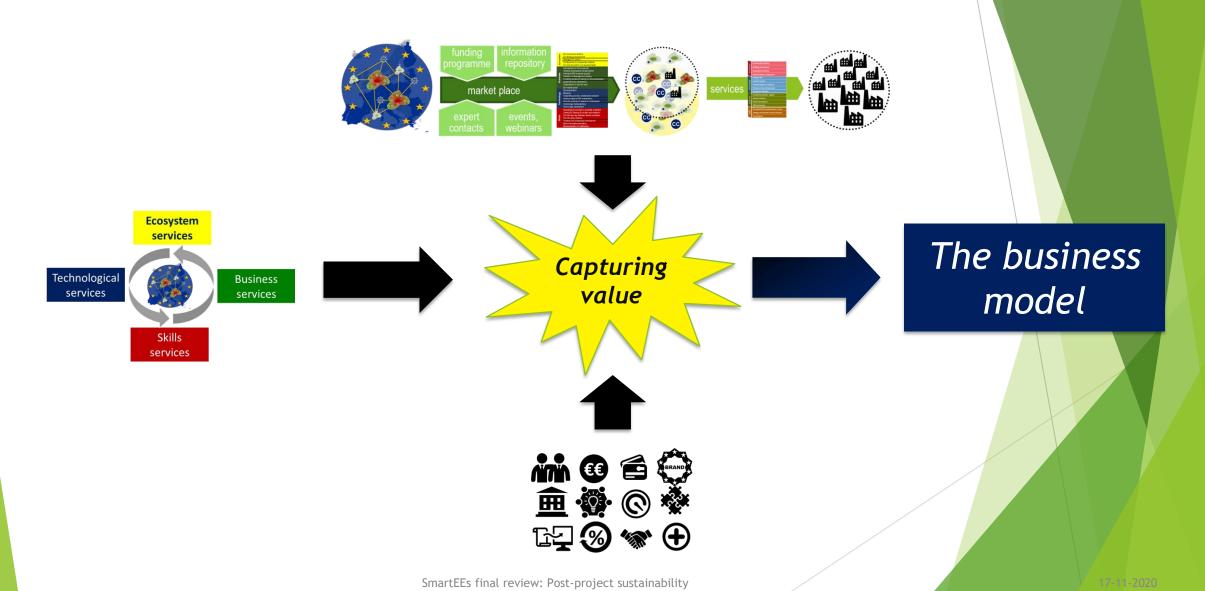
Individual services, paid based on rate of success



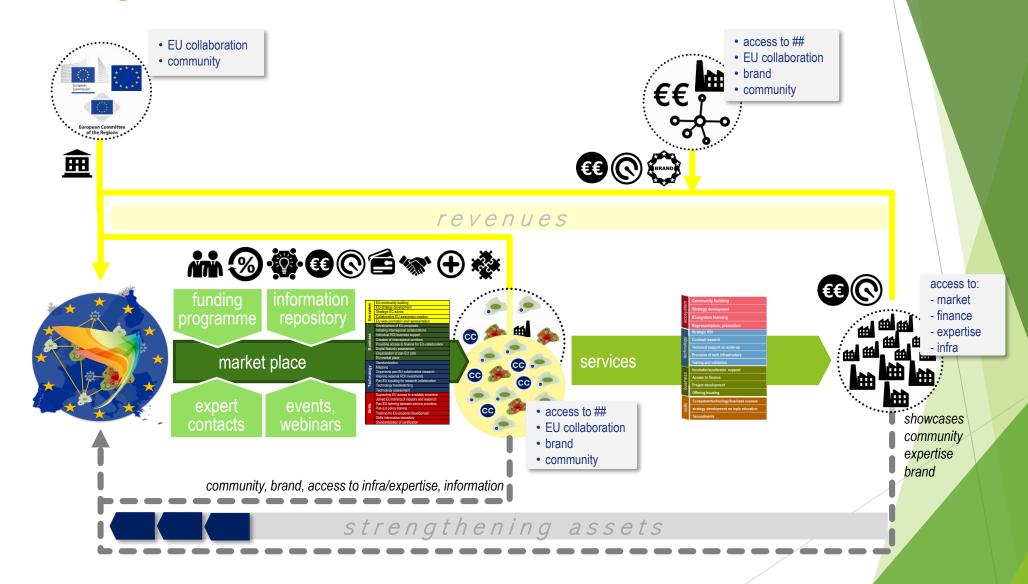
Full cost service provision

Individual services paid in full (+ profit)

Connecting revenues to services delivered



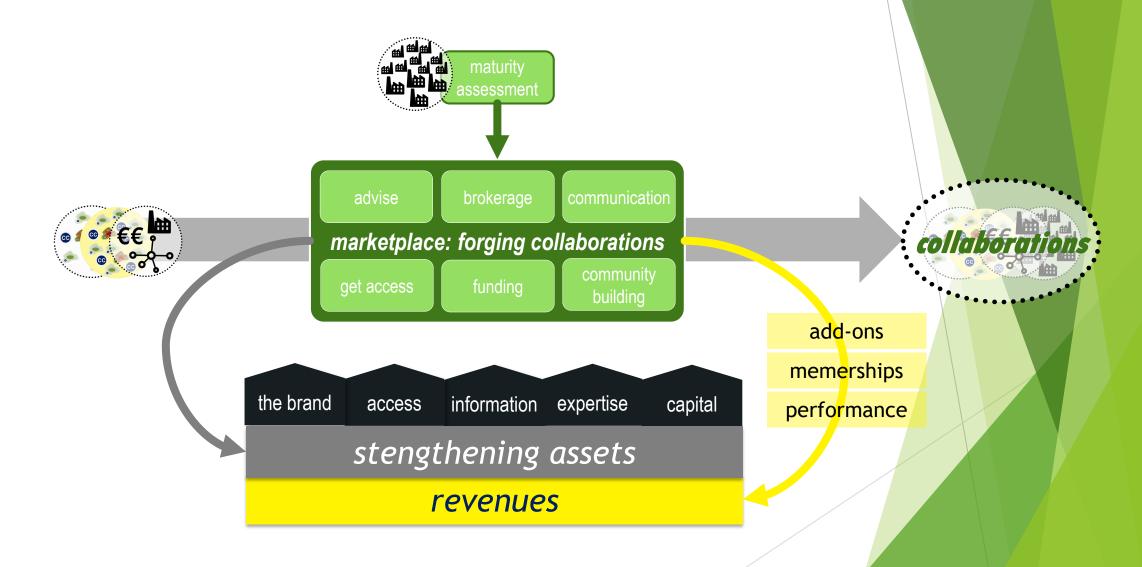
The integrated SmartEEs business model



So, 4 main pillars in the business model

- 1. The association membership structure Creating a sustainable foundation for paying service provision
- 2. The market place Core mechanism to organize the deployment of services
- 3. A funding programme Creating a critical value to for stakeholders to participate
- 4. The brand Creating a critical mass for the community attraction

One pillar highlighted: The market place





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